

Design features behind success of the Ecosystem Management Decision Support system

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Outline

- Quick overview of EMDS at version 4.3
- Applications to date
- Current design features
- The next generations of EMDS
- Decision support for adaptive management under climate change



EMDS 4.3

- First production release in 1997
 - Version 4.3 released in 2014
- A general application framework for designing and implementing knowledge-based decision support for environmental analysis and planning at any geographic scale or scales.
- Integrates GIS as well as knowledge-based reasoning and decision modeling technologies to provide decision support for a substantial portion of the adaptive management process of ecosystem management.



Implementation of 4.3

- Implemented as an ArcGIS 10.2 ArcMap extension.
- EMDS integrates
 - a logic engine to perform landscape evaluations, and
 - a decision modeling engine for developing strategic management priorities.
- The design strategy
 - The logic engine assesses the state of the landscape.
 - Given the state, the decision engine develops priorities.



Applications to date

➤ Some major examples

- Ecological site classification, UK Forestry Commission
- Timber suitability, Tongass NF
- Aquatic/Riparian Effectiveness Monitoring Program , USFS Region 6
- Spotted owl dispersal habitat, WA DNR
- North Coast Watershed Assessment, State of CA
- Soil impacts associated with logging and wildfire, Okanogan-Wenatchee NF
- Integrated resource restoration and protection, USFS Region 1
- Roads analysis for wildlife habitat, Tahoe NF
- Wildland fuels, USFS WO and Regions, BLM, BIA, FWS, NPS
- Managing critical loads associated with atmospheric S deposition in the southern Appalachians, US EPA
- Integrated landscape restoration, Okanogan-Wenatchee NF

➤ Many applications from around the world

- <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/EMDS>



Current design features

1. Generality – a design framework
 1. Support for large, complex, abstract problems
 2. Many topics, any scale or scales
2. Transparency – more than just a pretty map
 1. Rational, repeatable, and fully documentable
 2. Transparent – intuitive explanation of model results
3. Simplicity – a V-8 moment
 1. Decomposition into two simpler components
4. Reasoning with incomplete information
 1. Derive priorities for missing information
5. Supports multiple interdependent spatial scales



The next generations of EMDS

- Transition from desktop to enterprise edition
 - Web services to reach broad audiences
 - Components exposed as web services
- Workflows
 - EMDS 5 built with Windows Workflow Foundation (open source)
 - Incorporation of open source workflow engine into EMDS framework
 - Modify the pre-defined processing flow of the framework
 - Extensibility – easily add new engines (e.g., BN or Prolog engine)
 - Extensibility – add complex pre- and post-processing workflows
- Implementing management actions in models and data
- Provenance tracking
 - Comprehensive documentation of all steps in a complex analysis
 - Ability to roll back and branch



Decision support for adaptive management under climate change

- Logic for interpretation and synthesis
 - Vegetation change and ecosystem services
 - Biophysical, social, and economic considerations
 - Transparency in the public forum
- Prioritizing landscape units
 - Many logistical considerations
- Using actions to design strategic alternatives
 - Automated with workflows
 - Comparing expected outcomes
- Managing complexity
 - Provenance tracking for project management and accountability
- Adaptive management
 - How did we do? – Another role for logic through comparing outcomes



Thank you!

➤ The websites

- <http://emds.mountain-viewgroup.com/>
- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ecosystem_Management_Decision_Support

➤ The book

- Reynolds, K.M., P.F. Hessburg, and P.S. Bourgeron (eds). 2014. Making Transparent Environmental Management Decisions: Applications of the Ecosystem Management Decision Support System. Berlin: Springer.

